THE CLAIMS:

The status of the claims is as follows:

1. (<u>Currently Amended</u>) A converter for satellite communication reception, comprising:

a horn configured to receive first and second linear polarized waves orthogonal to each other;

a case having two waveguides configured to branch the first and second linear polarized waves, respectively, and to propagate the corresponding first and second linear polarized waves;

a circuit substrate fitted to the case and disposed whose within a plane is in parallel with to a direction in which that the first and second linear polarized waves propagate; and

two probes disposed on the circuit substrate, wherein the two probes <u>comprise</u> <u>pin members that face are oriented</u> orthogonal to each other are respectively positioned within the corresponding waveguides;

wherein the first and second linear polarized waves produce signals that can be simply amplified and synthesized received by the two probes while on the circuit substrate; and

wherein the two pin members each have an L shape, and wherein a ground pattern overlying the circuit substrate is configured as a reflective face for the pin members.

- 2. (<u>Currently Amended</u>) The converter for satellite communication reception according to Claim 1, wherein the two probes consist of pin members, and wherein these pin members are supported by the circuit substrate further comprising a mixer coupled to the circuit substrate.
- 3. (<u>Currently Amended</u>) The converter for satellite communication reception according to Claim 21, wherein the two-pin members have an L shape, and wherein a ground pattern overlying the circuit substrate is configured as a reflective face for the pin members further comprising a short cap coupled to the circuit substrate.

4. (<u>Currently Amended</u>) The converter for satellite communication reception according to Claim 1, wherein:

each of the two waveguides comprises a bending portion at which the corresponding linear polarized wave bends perpendicularly and propagates;

the two probes comprise electroconductive patterns overlying the circuit substrate; and

the electroconductive patterns are disposed between the eorresponding respective bending portions and corresponding short caps, which serve as reflective faces, coupled to the circuit substrate.